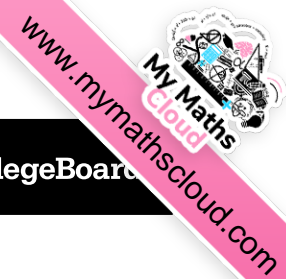


2017

AP[®]

CollegeBoard



AP Calculus AB

Scoring Guidelines

**AP[®] CALCULUS AB/CALCULUS BC
2017 SCORING GUIDELINES**

Question 1

<p>(a) Volume = $\int_0^{10} A(h) dh$ $\approx (2 - 0) \cdot A(0) + (5 - 2) \cdot A(2) + (10 - 5) \cdot A(5)$ $= 2 \cdot 50.3 + 3 \cdot 14.4 + 5 \cdot 6.5$ $= 176.3$ cubic feet</p> <p>(b) The approximation in part (a) is an overestimate because a left Riemann sum is used and A is decreasing.</p> <p>(c) $\int_0^{10} f(h) dh = 101.325338$ The volume is 101.325 cubic feet.</p> <p>(d) Using the model, $V(h) = \int_0^h f(x) dx$.</p> $\frac{dV}{dt} \Big _{h=5} = \left[\frac{dV}{dh} \cdot \frac{dh}{dt} \right]_{h=5}$ $= \left[f(h) \cdot \frac{dh}{dt} \right]_{h=5}$ $= f(5) \cdot 0.26 = 1.694419$ <p>When $h = 5$, the volume of water is changing at a rate of 1.694 cubic feet per minute.</p>	<p>1 : units in parts (a), (c), and (d)</p> <p>2 : $\begin{cases} 1 : \text{left Riemann sum} \\ 1 : \text{approximation} \end{cases}$</p> <p>1 : overestimate with reason</p> <p>2 : $\begin{cases} 1 : \text{integral} \\ 1 : \text{answer} \end{cases}$</p> <p>3 : $\begin{cases} 2 : \frac{dV}{dt} \\ 1 : \text{answer} \end{cases}$</p>
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Question 2

(a) $\int_0^2 f(t) dt = 20.051175$

20.051 pounds of bananas are removed from the display table during the first 2 hours the store is open.

2 : $\begin{cases} 1 : \text{integral} \\ 1 : \text{answer} \end{cases}$

(b) $f'(7) = -8.120$ (or -8.119)

After the store has been open 7 hours, the rate at which bananas are being removed from the display table is decreasing by 8.120 (or 8.119) pounds per hour per hour.

2 : $\begin{cases} 1 : \text{value} \\ 1 : \text{meaning} \end{cases}$

(c) $g(5) - f(5) = -2.263103 < 0$

Because $g(5) - f(5) < 0$, the number of pounds of bananas on the display table is decreasing at time $t = 5$.

2 : $\begin{cases} 1 : \text{considers } f(5) \text{ and } g(5) \\ 1 : \text{answer with reason} \end{cases}$

(d) $50 + \int_3^8 g(t) dt - \int_0^8 f(t) dt = 23.347396$

23.347 pounds of bananas are on the display table at time $t = 8$.

3 : $\begin{cases} 2 : \text{integrals} \\ 1 : \text{answer} \end{cases}$

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Question 3

(a) $f(-6) = f(-2) + \int_{-2}^{-6} f'(x) dx = 7 - \int_{-6}^{-2} f'(x) dx = 7 - 4 = 3$

$$f(5) = f(-2) + \int_{-2}^5 f'(x) dx = 7 - 2\pi + 3 = 10 - 2\pi$$

(b) $f'(x) > 0$ on the intervals $[-6, -2]$ and $(2, 5]$.

Therefore, f is increasing on the intervals $[-6, -2]$ and $[2, 5]$.

(c) The absolute minimum will occur at a critical point where $f'(x) = 0$ or at an endpoint.

$$f'(x) = 0 \Rightarrow x = -2, x = 2$$

x	$f(x)$
-6	3
-2	7
2	$7 - 2\pi$
5	$10 - 2\pi$

The absolute minimum value is $f(2) = 7 - 2\pi$.

(d) $f''(-5) = \frac{2 - 0}{-6 - (-2)} = -\frac{1}{2}$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{f'(x) - f'(3)}{x - 3} = 2 \text{ and } \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{f'(x) - f'(3)}{x - 3} = -1$$

$f''(3)$ does not exist because

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{f'(x) - f'(3)}{x - 3} \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{f'(x) - f'(3)}{x - 3}$$

3 : $\begin{cases} 1 : \text{uses initial condition} \\ 1 : f(-6) \\ 1 : f(5) \end{cases}$

2 : answer with justification

2 : $\begin{cases} 1 : \text{considers } x = 2 \\ 1 : \text{answer with justification} \end{cases}$

2 : $\begin{cases} 1 : f''(-5) \\ 1 : f''(3) \text{ does not exist,} \\ \text{with explanation} \end{cases}$

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Question 4

(a) $H'(0) = -\frac{1}{4}(91 - 27) = -16$
 $H(0) = 91$

An equation for the tangent line is $y = 91 - 16t$.

The internal temperature of the potato at time $t = 3$ minutes is approximately $91 - 16 \cdot 3 = 43$ degrees Celsius.

(b) $\frac{d^2H}{dt^2} = -\frac{1}{4} \frac{dH}{dt} = \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)(H - 27) = \frac{1}{16}(H - 27)$

$H > 27$ for $t > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{d^2H}{dt^2} = \frac{1}{16}(H - 27) > 0$ for $t > 0$

Therefore, the graph of H is concave up for $t > 0$. Thus, the answer in part (a) is an underestimate.

(c) $\frac{dG}{(G - 27)^{2/3}} = -dt$

$\int \frac{dG}{(G - 27)^{2/3}} = \int (-1) dt$

$3(G - 27)^{1/3} = -t + C$

$3(91 - 27)^{1/3} = 0 + C \Rightarrow C = 12$

$3(G - 27)^{1/3} = 12 - t$

$G(t) = 27 + \left(\frac{12 - t}{3}\right)^3$ for $0 \leq t < 10$

The internal temperature of the potato at time $t = 3$ minutes is

$27 + \left(\frac{12 - 3}{3}\right)^3 = 54$ degrees Celsius.

3 : $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 : \text{slope} \\ 1 : \text{tangent line} \\ 1 : \text{approximation} \end{array} \right.$

1 : underestimate with reason

5 : $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 : \text{separation of variables} \\ 1 : \text{antiderivatives} \\ 1 : \text{constant of integration and} \\ \quad \text{uses initial condition} \\ 1 : \text{equation involving } G \text{ and } t \\ 1 : G(t) \text{ and } G(3) \end{array} \right.$

Note: max 2/5 [1-1-0-0-0] if no constant of integration

Note: 0/5 if no separation of variables

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Question 6

(a) $f'(x) = -2\sin(2x) + \cos x e^{\sin x}$

$$f'(\pi) = -2\sin(2\pi) + \cos \pi e^{\sin \pi} = -1$$

2 : $f'(\pi)$

(b) $k'(x) = h'(f(x)) \cdot f'(x)$

$$\begin{aligned} k'(\pi) &= h'(f(\pi)) \cdot f'(\pi) = h'(2) \cdot (-1) \\ &= \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)(-1) = \frac{1}{3} \end{aligned}$$

2 : $\begin{cases} 1 : k'(x) \\ 1 : k'(\pi) \end{cases}$

(c) $m'(x) = -2g'(-2x) \cdot h(x) + g(-2x) \cdot h'(x)$

$$\begin{aligned} m'(2) &= -2g'(-4) \cdot h(2) + g(-4) \cdot h'(2) \\ &= -2(-1)\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right) + 5\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) = -3 \end{aligned}$$

3 : $\begin{cases} 2 : m'(x) \\ 1 : m'(2) \end{cases}$

(d) g is differentiable. $\Rightarrow g$ is continuous on the interval $[-5, -3]$.

$$\frac{g(-3) - g(-5)}{-3 - (-5)} = \frac{2 - 10}{2} = -4$$

2 : $\begin{cases} 1 : \frac{g(-3) - g(-5)}{-3 - (-5)} \\ 1 : \text{justification,} \\ \quad \text{using Mean Value Theorem} \end{cases}$

Therefore, by the Mean Value Theorem, there is at least one value c , $-5 < c < -3$, such that $g'(c) = -4$.